

## TIDE TURNS.

Philippines Take Hope From the Approaching November Election

AND RENEW THE HOSTILITIES.

Morning Report of a Slaughter of Americans by the Savages Correct—Number of Officers Killed. Only a Few Natives Meet Death in the Engagement—More Troops Needed in Obscure Islands.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 20.—A dispatch has been received from General MacArthur, which confirms the report cable to The Associated Press from Manila, regarding the activity of the insurgents. The blank spaces are words which could not be deciphered. The dispatch is as follows:

MANILA, September 19.

Adjutant General, Washington.

Considerable activity throughout Luzon. Fighting reported recently in Cagayan and Estrella, Ilocos provinces. Insurgents estimated 500, probably much exaggerated, but sufficient force to make in district heretofore quiet. In the Ilocos provinces Samuel B. M. Young, (brigadier general), reports numerous small affairs and has called so emphatically for more force that Kingsbury's squadron Third cavalry and Borden's battalion Fifth Infantry have been sent him, other battalions of same destination upon arrival. Country near Pasig, including all of Bulacan very much disturbed and numerous contacts with small parties throughout that district, south of Pasig, command withdrawn to Sinloan. Upon renewal operations Eighteenth found that insurgents had escaped from Maritima previous night, most of them not doing back to time contiguous with same destination, but until called into field again as peaceful Amigos. Casualties which all occurred Mitchell's command, consisting of 120 men, four officers, were: Company L, Fifteenth Infantry, killed and died wounds, David D. Mitchell, (Captain Fifteenth Infantry); George A. Cooper (second lieutenant Fifteenth Infantry); First Sergeant William Fitzgerald, Sergeant Everson C. Hart, Corporal Laurits Jensen, Privates Edward C. Curn, George R. Horton, Thomas P. Kelly, Thomas Mulvey, John P. Brink, William L. Banker, Arthur S. Mansfield, Thomas L. Pitcher, Scott L. Smith, Richard Taylor, Edward M. Neal, Fred Duggan, Emanuel Kaufman, Wounded—Corporals Charles Oswald, William H. Polley, Privates Benjamin Owens, Michael Kelly, Otto F. Fabe, Everett Matlack, Francis P. Flanagan, Michael J. Hennessey, Anthony Kearney, Harry Perry, Charles R. Debaugh, Company L, Thirty-seventh Volunteer Infantry, killed and died of wounds:

First Sergeant Thomas P. A. Howe, Privates Edward J. Godahl, George A. Haight, Edward Stalcup, Alfred J. Mueller, James C. West, William—Captain John E. Moran, Sergeant Robert Mahaffey, Corporal Frank A. Story, Privates Frank T. Bell, William S. Bradley, Worley T. Crosswhite, David Day, Cornelius F. Gentry.

Thirty-three per cent is profoundly impressive loss and indicates stubbornness of fight, fearless leadership of officers and splendid response of men. Insurgent loss as far as known, ten killed, twenty wounded; among former, Colonel Fidel.

MACARTHUR.

WEST VIRGINIA BRIEFS.

The Dilcher lumber plant, of Charleston, burned yesterday morning; loss, \$20,000; insurance, \$5,000.

W. J. Bryan will spend October 22 in West Virginia on his way to Baltimore, where he will speak on October 23.

William Jones, of Parkersburg, who was accidentally shot Sunday, at Watertown, O., died Wednesday night.

The members of the St. John Lutheran church, of Parkersburg, have purchased a lot for \$3,400, upon which they will soon erect a church.

A costly fire occurred at Huntington Thursday morning. Sam Beswick's planing mills were destroyed at a loss of \$10,000. The insurance is \$2,000.

Col. C. L. Smith, of the First Infantry, West Virginia National Guard, has been authorized by the brigade commander to organize a company at Farmington.

Samuel Poole, a Baltimore and Ohio repair hand, residing at Green Spring, was lodged in jail at Romney, Wednesday night, on the charge of criminal assault on his twelve-year-old daughter.

Mr. Joseph E. Smoot, a well known resident of Shepherdstown, died at his home in that place Thursday morning, after an illness of a few days. The deceased was unmarried and was fifty-four years of age.

The quaint old town of Beverly, for more than a century the county seat of Randolph county, until that honor was wrested from it a year ago by the progressive town of Elkins, will hold its annual fair and races to-day and tomorrow.

B. G. Williams has commenced the erection of a large hotel at Fairmont. The building will be of brick, four stories high, and will have a frontage of ninety feet and a depth of 117 feet. It will contain two hundred rooms, including one hundred guest chambers.

The citizens of Belington are very much incensed over the hold-up in which "speak-easies" are being conducted in that town, and have petitioned for an election for the purpose of voting on the question of license or no license. One will be held next Monday.

The bank barn on the farm of G. W. Sommers, near Rippon, Jefferson county, was destroyed by fire yesterday, together with all of his hay, wheat and machinery. The origin of the fire is unknown. The barn was insured for \$1,000.

Holland Quillan, a policeman of Ceredo, was shot and fatally injured Wednesday night, by Larry Hall, an alleged wife-beater, whom Quillan was attempting to arrest. Hall, after shooting the officer, leaped from a second-story window of his house and escaped in a light car to the woodlands south of town.

Early yesterday morning a burglar broke into M. S. Taylor's store at Dibby, Mason county, and was about to proceed with his plans when Mr. Taylor, who in a fit of insomnia had gone to the store to rest his nerves, opened fire on him. The burglar was hit, but managed to escape, leaving his hat and mask and a trail of blood.

Several official changes will be effected on the Baltimore and Ohio system October 1. D. F. Maroney, superintendent of transportation, will, it is said, be advanced to the general superintendent of the divisions from Cumberland to Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh to Wheeling and Connetquot to Fairmont, with headquarters at Fairmont.

Governor Roosevelt, Republican candidate for vice president, is on his trip through West Virginia, will be accompanied by the Hon. John Proctor Clark, York town oroker, and by General Curtis Gould, Jr., of Boston, who was General Pittsburgh Lee's inspector general in Cuba, and who is also an extremely eloquent speaker.

An order was issued yesterday from the adjutant general's office, accepting the resignation of Second Lieutenant C. L. Wiseman, of Piedmont, Company H, First Infantry, National Guard, and upon recommendation of the brigade commander discharging from the

service, for disobedience of orders. Second Lieutenant James P. Chockett, of Bluefield, Company A, Second Infantry.

Ralph Haslip, a third-division Baltimore and Ohio brakeman, aged about twenty-three years, was instantly killed in Kingwood tunnel, at Tunnelton, yesterday morning, by falling from his train. He had been married but a few months, and was a son of Conductor George Haslip. A peculiar feature was that not a bruise could be found on his body, death resulting from a broken neck.

The Black Brother in Louisiana.

Chicago Inter-Ocean: The attention of William Jennings Bryan is respectfully called to the movement inaugurated by his party in Louisiana for the repeal of the fourteenth and fifteenth amendments to the federal constitution. Perhaps he would like to deliver a few speeches in the Pelican state on the atrocity of government without the consent of the governed. If so, there is no doubt that he would meet with a warm reception.

Warning to the Welkin.

New York Mail and Express: If we understand the matter correctly, Webster Davis is going to Texas for the express purpose of making the welkin ring. This he will do by hitting the said welkin with his personally conducted voice.

Where He Falls Short.

St. Louis Globe-Democrat: As an agriculturist the Democratic candidate for president may be described as a thirty-acre farmer. As a statesman, however, he does not rise above the dignity of an ordinary vacant lot.

Happy George Fred.

New York Sun: The Hon. George Fred Williams has reached the if-the-election-were-held-to-day-McKinley-would-be-beaten stage. So little it takes to make a great man happy.

How Many?

New York Sun: How many persons in the United States really and truly believe that their liberties will be in danger if the Philippines remain in the possession of the United States?

With Chattering Teeth.

New York Mail and Express: Mr. Olney to Mr. Cleveland—"Come on in, old man. The water's a trifle cold, but just think how good you'll feel after you get out."

FINANCE AND TRADE.

The Features of the Money and Stock Markets.

NE WYORK, Sept. 20.—Money on call steady at 1½¢ per cent; last loan 1½¢ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4½¢ per cent. Sterling exchange easier, with actual business in bankers' bills at \$4 86½¢ for demand and at \$4 84½¢ for 60 days; posted rates \$4 84½¢ and \$4 84½¢. Commercial bills \$4 82½¢ and \$4 82½¢. Silver certificates 62½¢/63½¢. Bar silver 62½¢. Mexican dollars 49½¢. Government bonds weak. State bonds inactive. Railroad bonds weak.

The closing of the stock market this afternoon was quiet and steady in remarkable contrast to the disturbed state of feeling which prevailed all day. But there had been such lulls at various times before in the storm of liquidation which swept over the market and whether the final quiet marked clearing weather or simply a gathering of forces for another outbreak of the storm was the question of greatest interest in Wall street and upon which opinions greatly varied. The volume of the selling and the scope of the movement in the number of stocks involved indicated plainly enough some general cause or condition at work to induce the selling. Special conditions in individual stocks aggravated the weakness, but these peculiar cases were quite inadequate to explain the general weakness. Neither was it very clear that any new factors have been introduced into the general situation which have not been in evidence for some time past. So far as these general considerations are concerned the violent liquidation of the day must be due to a growth of conviction as to the inevitable effect of these factors rather than to any new status. These general conditions are the hardening money market and the coal strike and rather in the background the Chinese situation. Those who found nothing in the actual news sufficient to account for the extreme weakness of the market offered a supposition that some development not yet generally known in the Chinese tangle had induced large selling by persons with advance information. Certainly it is hard to account for such wholesale selling as that of today in a market which has been supposed to contain comparatively light speculative commitments on the ground of fears of future events or sentimental considerations. No selling was forced by actual contraction of credits, although the rates for money showed a continuance of the recent hardening tendency. The forces toward depletion of New York money reserves continue operative, the day's outgo of currency to the interior being large. The relief on sub-treasury operations is also on a diminishing scale. The progress of the strike arouses keen apprehension of outbreaks of violence and extension of the trouble into new coal fields, but no actual occurrence of the day seemed to bring such developments any nearer than did the first stoppage of mining. The letting go of speculative holdings which have been recently accumulated on the conviction that the prolonged dullness of the stock market would be terminated by a buying movement was an influence in the weakness and professional short selling undoubtedly played a large part as well. The special weakness of the steel stocks seemed to show some peculiar apprehension that the conferences over wages and the efforts to adjust prices would not bring the industry to a profitable basis. Tennessee Coal was apparently without any support and was nearly 8 points off at the lowest. The stock rallied 2½¢ per cent on short covering. Pressed Steel Car, American Car preferred, Steel and Wire and Federal Steel preferred, were down from 2 to 2½¢ per cent. In the railroad list Missouri Pacific, Baltimore and Ohio and Reading first preferred, suffered most severely among the active stocks, losing 2 points or over at the extreme low level. Among the recently dormant stocks there were some wider declines, but the length of time since the last sales detracts from their significance. The list of stocks in which the day's losses reached a point or upwards in a long one and in striking evidence of the extent of the liquidation.

Bonds yielded in sympathy with

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stocks but the selling was not on anything like as large a scale. Total sales par value \$1,125,000.

United States 4s and 5s declined ¼¢ per cent in the bid price.

U. S. Bonds.

U. S. Refunding 2s when issued, registered 104 ½¢, coupon 104 ½¢.

U. S. 3s reg. 110 ½¢, U. S. 3s coupon 110 ½¢.

U. S. new 4s reg. 110 ½¢, U. S. new 4s coupon 110 ½¢.

U. S. old 4s reg. 110 ½¢, U. S. old 4s coupon 110 ½¢.

U. S. 5s reg. 110 ½¢, U. S. 5s coupon 110 ½¢.

Stocks.

Atchafalpa 25 ½¢, do preferred 25 ½¢.

Bal. & Ohio 25 ½¢, do preferred 25 ½¢.

Can. Pacific 25 ½¢, do preferred 25 ½¢.

Can. Southern 25 ½¢, do preferred 25 ½¢.

Chicago & N. W. 25 ½¢, do preferred 25 ½¢.

Chl. Ind. & Q. 25 ½¢, do preferred 25 ½¢.

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lober ribs between \$7.55 and \$7.40, with the close 56½¢ better at \$7.37½.

Estimated receipts for to-morrow:

Wheat, 255 cars; corn, 670 cars; oats, 300 cars; hogs, 15,000 head.

The leading futures ranged as follows:

Articles. Open. High. Low. Close.

Wheat, No. 2. 79½ 79½ 79½ 79½

Oct. 79½ 79½ 79½ 79½

Nov. 79½ 79½ 79½ 79½

Corn, No. 2. 40 40 40 40

Sept. 40 40 40 40

Oct. 40 40 40 40

Nov. 40 40 40 40

Oats, No. 2. 21½ 21½ 21½ 21½

Sept. 21½ 21½ 21½ 21½

Oct. 21½ 21½ 21½ 21½

Nov. 21½ 21½ 21½ 21½

Meat. 11 11 11 11

Oct. 11 11 11 11

Jan. 11 11 11 11

Lard. 7 7 7 7

Nov. 7 7 7 7

Jan. 7 7 7 7

Short Ribs. 7 7 7 7

Oct. 7 7 7 7

Jan. 7 7 7 7

Cash quotations were as follows:

Flour steady.

Wheat—No. 3, 73½¢/74¢; No. 2 red 71½¢/72¢.

Corn—No. 2, 40½¢/41¢; No. 2 yellow 40½¢/41¢.

Oats—No. 2, 21½¢/22¢; No. 2 white 21½¢/22¢.

Rye—No. 2, 52½¢.

Barley—Good feeding 39¢.

Malt—Fair to choice 61¢/65¢.

Flaxseed—No. 1, 41¢/42¢; No. 1 northwestern 41¢.

Timothyseed—Prime 41¢/42¢.

Mess Pork—Per barrel 31¢/32¢.

Lard—Per 100 lbs., 71¢/72¢.

Short Ribs—Slides (loose) 57¢/58¢.

Dry salted shoulders (boxed) 64¢/65¢.

Spot clear sides (boxed) 85¢/86¢.

Whiskies—Basis of high wines, 41¢.

Whiskies unchanged.